

Cocos Keeling Islands grid controller of

How did the cadastre of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands work?

The lodged and current cadastres were combined to form a full cadastre of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands. This new cadastre and the previous version's cadastre were linked via polygon pin number. This allowed GA to separate those polygons which were had different pin numbers in the new cadastre.

How do the Cocos (Keeling) Islands communicate?

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands have access to a range of modern communication services. Digital television stations are broadcast from Western Australia via satellite. A local radio station, 6CKI - Voice of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands, is staffed by community volunteers and provides some local content.

Why are the Cocos Islands called the Keeling Islands?

The territory's dual name (official since the islands' incorporation into Australia in 1955) reflects that the islands have historically been known as either the Cocos Islands or the Keeling Islands. The territory consists of two atolls made up of 27 coral islands, of which only two - West Island and Home Island - are inhabited.

How did AGSO project WGS84 to Cocos (Keeling) Islands?

February 2000: AGSO projected the data from Geographic (WGS84) to Cocos (Keeling) Islands Grid 1992 using ArcView 3.2a projection utility. Deleted erroneous polygons (large area, small visible extent) from shapefile after checking that they were spatially non-unique and contained no attributes.

Is there plastic pollution on the Cocos (Keeling) Islands?

“Significant plastic accumulation on the Cocos (Keeling) Islands, Australia” Scientific Reports. 9 (Article number 7102): 7102. Bibcode: 2019NatSR...9.7102L. doi: 10.1038/s41598-019-43375-4. PMC 6522509. PMID 31097730. ^ McGrath, Matt (16 May 2019). “Plastic pollution: Flip-flop tide engulfs 'paradise' island” BBC News. Retrieved 7 October 2019.

Are Horsburgh Island and North Keeling Atoll included in this dataset?

This dataset contains polygon cadastral data and non-spatial attribute data for the Cocos (Keeling) Islands. Horsburgh Island and North Keeling Atoll are not included in this dataset. Cocos (Keeling) Islands Edition 1 2010 1:25000 - Geoscience Australia GEOCAT 70146

Scuba diving at Cocos Keeling islands is nothing short of spectacular. Fabulous visibility, pristine coral reefs, abundant marine life and all the trappings of a tropical paradise without the flashy resorts. Yes, it is isolated and it takes some effort to get there, but this is more than offset by the quality of the diving, the friendly locals ...

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separate those polygons ...

Report on Cocos GIS - Water Resources, April 2001 page 1 1. Executive Summary 1.1. Introduction As outlined in the "Proposal for developing water resources "layers" for the Cocos GIS", water resources data has been collated and entered into digital format for the following islands on the South Keeling atoll of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands;

METAR Cocos (Keeling) Islands Airport - YPCC/CCK . Cocos (Keeling) Islands Airport is a mid-sized airport in Cocos Islands. The airport is located at latitude -12.19134 and longitude 96.83370. The airport has one runway: 15/33. The ICAO airport code of this field is YPCC. The airport's IATA code is CCK. ...

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands (Cocos Islands Malay: Pulu Kokos [Keeling]), officially the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands (/ ' k oʔ k ? s /; [5] [6] Cocos Islands Malay: Pulu Kokos [Keeling]), are an Australian external territory in the Indian Ocean, comprising a small archipelago approximately midway between Australia and Sri Lanka and relatively close to the ...

Sophisticated high-speed control technologies combined with advancements in inverter-based distributed energy resources (DERs) are emerging as a key innovation to manage these common island grid challenges and sustain electric reliability on a ...

Cocos (Keeling) Islands (CKI) - are vulnerable to the effects of climate change. The Cocos (Keeling) Islands are a group of 27 low-lying coral atolls located in the Indian Ocean approximately 2,950 kilometres north-west of Perth and 3,700 kilometres west of Darwin. Christmas Island is the top of a seamount rising to 361

From the 19th century onwards, the islands were owned by the Clunies-Ross family, and in 1886 were granted to them in perpetuity by Queen Victoria. On 23 November 1955 the islands were transferred to Australian control under the Cocos (Keeling) Islands Act 1955 1978, Australia entered a form of purchase of the islands with the Clunies-Ross family, and the Cocos ...

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands consist of two flat, low-lying coral atolls with an area of 14.2 square kilometres (5.5 sq mi), 26 kilometres (16 mi) of coastline, a highest elevation of 5 metres (16 ft) and thickly covered with coconut palms and other vegetation.

The UK transferred the islands to Australia in 1955, which officially named the islands the Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and in 1978, Australia bought all the land held by the Clunies-Ross family, ending their control of the islands' governance. In a referendum in 1984, most islanders voted to integrate with Australia, and Western Australian laws ...

Cocos (Keeling) Island is located approximately 3,685km almost due west of Darwin. It is a mid-ocean atoll with a coral reef, and a very shallow (1 - 20 m) shelf surrounds the island. ... quality ...

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???(?)??: Cocos (Keeling) Islands)???????????? [3],????????????????12°0?00? ??96°30?00?? ?????14.2????;???628?(?2005?7?),?27??????? ???(Home Island)???(West Island)?????

Importance of Cocos Islands for India. Cocos Island is just 30 miles away from the Andaman & Nicobar Islands of India and lies at a geographically strategic location that can take control of the important Sea Lines of Communication - SLOCs as well as the northeastern part of the Indian Ocean and the Malacca Strait.

OverviewGeographyNameClimateDemographicsHistoryGovernmentEconomyThe Cocos (Keeling) Islands consist of two flat, low-lying coral atolls with an area of 14.2 square kilometres (5.5 sq mi), 26 kilometres (16 mi) of coastline, a highest elevation of 5 metres (16 ft) and thickly covered with coconut palms and other vegetation. The climate is pleasant, moderated by the southeast trade winds for about nine months of the year and with moderate rainfall. Tropical cyclones

Cocos (Keeling) Island is located approximately 3,685km almost due west of Darwin. It is a mid-ocean atoll with a coral reef, and a very shallow (1 - 20 m) shelf surrounds the island. ... quality control and gridding. Descriptions are provided of each dataset employed, the methods used to integrate the different datasets and the attributes of ...

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